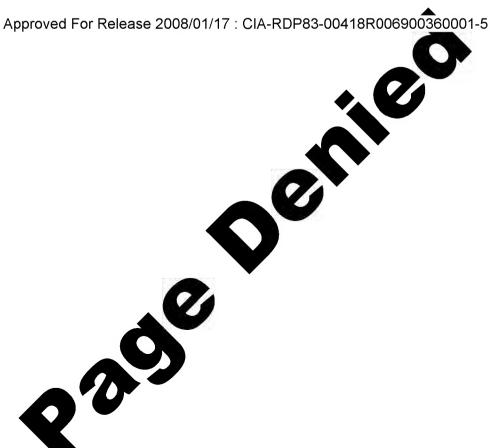
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INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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		S-E-C-I			
COUNTRY	Czechoslovakia		REPORT		
SUBJECT	Loubi Freight on the Elbe Ri	DATE DISTR.	2 Nove	mber 1956	
	on the Libe Ri	ver near Decin	NO. PAGES REQUIREMENT NO.	1 RD	25X1
DATE OF INFO. PLACE & DATE ACQ		TIONS ARE DEFINITIVE. A			UATED Information
	port on the Elbe showing the layou	River near Decin.	port on the Loub The report inclu	i freight t des sketche	ransshipment s, with legends,
					25 X 1
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		S-E-C-R-E-1 NOFORN	ŗ		36
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Approved For Release 2008/01/17 : CIA-RDP83-00418R006900360001-5

1. Approved For Release 2008/01/17: CIA-RDP83-00418R006900360001-5 cm the north edge of the city of DECIM to about 2 1/2 km length on the right bank of the Labe river. It consists of two parts: a)Old freight port (see sketch No 1 - codemark Q 1), which covers a tract of about 80 x 850 close to the DECIN city. The old port coordinates are 452/266 on the csech map 1:25000 DECIM east, sheet 3652/4 E,AMS Series M 872.

b)New freight port (see sketch No 1 - codemark @ 2) covering the tract of 90 x

1700 m.Coordinates: 464/278 on the same map as above.

2. The history and statut: The old freight port LOUBI existed in its present shape prior to WW I and always served as a tremsshipping installation for goods coming by boats from Hamburg and being reloaded there upon the railway, and vice versa, At present time the whole port is administered by the C S P L O (Csechoslovak Labe - Odra navigation), Wational Entreprise, branch DECIN.

Past development: the port did undsuge no substantial changes since the WW I until the year of 1960, when about 6 km of a new highway was laid from DECIN to HREMSKO, along the LOUBI village, in the distance of about 200 m from the river shores. The purpose of this was to enable the make planned enlargement of the freight port, blecked by the eld highway, which run too close to the old port installations. The WW II, however, prevented any further development therein.

In 1952-56 a new extensive construction work took place at LOUBI namely:

i) construction of the new wharf in the new part of the port, during 1952-54,

11) " track for moving cranes, also during 1952-5h. 111)

five new RR tracks for loading and marshalling purposes, iv) enlargement of the old marshalling yards in length and width, by deposits of ecil. 1952-54.

v) construction of two new warehouses in the new part of the port, built during

1952-56, not yet completed,

vi)installation of three new mebile-rotative cranes for reloading operations. Thus the new, larger part of the freight port (codemark Q 2) came into being under the name "Nove Loubi" (New Loubi), while the old part (codemark Q 1) is now called "Stare Loubi" (Old Loubi).

Mates: The freight port LOUBI is not a harbour, since it has no basin for boats and harbour facilities. It has only the so called "positions" along the quays for the loading and reloading purposes.

The long time nourished talks about the project of a dam on Labe river in LOUBI or DOLMI GRUNT seem to have been abandonned.

3.Description of the port's installations: (see sketch No 2)

Old quay: (see sketch No 2 - codemark Q 1) is about 850 m long, 80 m wide, built of grit ashlars with the top level of a m above the normal waterline. The riverbed of Labe along the quay is about le60 m deep.

New quay: (see sketch No 2 - codemark Q 2) is about 1700 m long, 90 m wide, is made of ferrocomoret, reaching 8 m above the waterline. The riverbed along this quay is also 1.60 m. The new quay was completed and put into operation in 1954.



Old port area is fenced towards the east and scuth; on eastern side by the wirenet fence, south side by stakefence, both about two m high. Western side of the port is bordered by the river and in the north joins the new port.

Main entrance (see sketch No 2 - codemark 5) is formed by a wire-net gate 4 x 2 m at the southwest end of the old port. It is the only entrance into the old port.

The new port is rather freely accessible, because it has no fence at all.

Iwo old warehouses (see sketch No 2 - codemark A) are in the old port area, both made of frame, groundfloor only, 60 x 10 m sise, high about 7 m, covered by roofing-fel Serve for temporary storage of goods.

RR plattform in the old port (see sketch No 2 - codemark B) is about 60 x 10 m size, 1.50 m high, made of ferroconcret; serves for temporary sporage of weatherproc-

fed goods.

Two new warehouses (see sketch No 2 - codemark C) are four-storey buildings 100 30 m in the new port area, made of ferroconcret, hight 20 m, the centret roof is plain In March 1956 were not yet fully completed, but were supposed to be ready for the storaging purposes in the middle of 1956. In the spring 1956 the work went on find-shing of the inside and outsides of the warehouses and on installation of the technical equipment.

Old track for moving crames (see sketch No 2 - codemark D) runs along the old quay in the distance of 1 m,is three-railed with the total gauge 3 m. There are all-together h crames moving on this track as follows: Two steemcrames, each of capacity 3 Toumes, each has one revelving swing-jib 3.5 m long, capable of 360 degree turns. Both are very old, of made of year 1909 and 1915, manufactured by Krappe In addition to the steamcrames, there are also two electrical crames, each of the same 3 Tons capacity with revelving jibs 3.5 m long, of which one crame has the swing-jib, the other has the tight-jib. These crames were made in 1940 and have electromotors of unidentified provenience.

New track for moving grames (see sketch No 2 - ordemark D 1) along the new quay is of identical construction as the old one and houses at present three cranes of "Skoda" made, each of the 2.5 Toms capacity. The grames have revolving (360 degree) swing-jibs 12 m long. Cranes were installed here in 1954.

Note: The cremes at both, the old quay and the new quay are operated mostly by female operators. Since the transloading is always done in a hurry, in order to catch up with the plan, the safety preceditions are often neglected and therefore the mishaps are rather numerous.

RR commercian (see sketch No 2 - codemark h). The port is commerced with the main RR station DECIN by a special single-track line. Here come the RR carriages with goods into and out of the port. The line disembogues into the marshalling track of the old port.

The RR tracks at the old port: there are two sortes of these tracks: the loading (# unloading) track and the marshalling tracks.

as) The loading track (see sketch No 2 - codemark 7) runs paralell with the cranetrack, in the distance of 4 m from the quay. The RR carriages with goods are brought here and from here the goods are loaded into the boats, and vice versa; bb) the marshalling track (see sketch No 2 - codemark 8) serves for shunting the RR carriages to the quay before the loading (unloading) operation, and for assembling them here after the loading (unloading) operation — for departure to DECIN and further.

The RR tracks at the new port: there are also: two sortes of them:
aa) two leading tracks (see sketch No 2 - codemark 9), of which one existed before the
enlargement of the port - just as the continuation of the old port track; the second
was built in 195h.

bb)Three marshalling tracks (see sketch No 2 - codemark 10) built in 1954.

Boot positions: As said before, the port LOUBI has no basins neither for boats, nor

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for barges and the transchipping operations are warried out from (into) boats and red along the quay in the se called "positions". There are altogether 10 positions at the eld quay and 21 positions at the new quay, counting with boats of the maxis s length of 7k m. Thus the total capacity of the LOURI port is 31 boats, in which included is the prescribed safety distance between the boats.

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lie Port's operation: As stated in para 2, the port handles the transhipment of (imporite goods from the river boats upon the RR carriages and vice versa (export-aimed gos(): In the spring 1956, for instance, the main import article was the iron ore. In case immediate shortage of RR carriages or boats, the unloaded goods are placed on the quay and stored temporarily either in one of the port's warehouses or on the open platform, depending on the durability of these goods with regard to the weather.

Capacity:
The port operates daily, in two working shifts, from 0600 - 1600 hrs and from 1600
2000 hrs. Each shift consists of about 40 workers, but male and female. One shift averages to reload the assumt (volume) of 30 RR carriages of iron ore from the boats upon the carriages by using both quays. This is, by far, not the maximum capacity of the port, as it's operations are constantly stifled by the shortage of the RR carrages and also by the shortage of labor. Had there been no these materials the port could handle easily 1200 - 1500 Tons/a shift (8 hrs).

The work at night is rather troublesome as there is not sufficient electric light at the installation.

5. Employees: Thre are about 40 permanent employees of the port and about 20 - 30 irregular brigade-workers, who work mostly in the second shift. About one third of labor are the female in the age of 20-40. All employees are living outside the port and are soming to work by foot, by bus or by the railroad.

The wages: are paid according to the task-work scale. It averages about 1500 - 1600 kes pre worker/monthly, including the overtime earnings. The workers can eat in the port's centeen and there are also bathing facilities there. The canteen and bat are in one warehouse of the old port.

6.Security: There are altegether & people of the port militia, two men and two women. They have blue uniforms with a red armband, bearing the marking "Z S", which means "Zavedni Straa" (entreprise-guard). They are armed with pistel. Two of them are alway: on duty which runs round o' elock. The duty is carried out in such a way that one guard stays in the gate-keepers lodge while the other makes inspection errands in throughout the port.

The location of the gate-keeper's lodge see sketch No 2 - codemark 3.

7. Customs: Four custom-inspectors are assigned to the port. They have green uniforms, are not armed. The port custom office is in the old warehouse It is subordinated to the custom unit at LOUBI, where is the main custom-house of this area.

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Index of the port's LOUBI installations. (According to the codemarks of the sketch No 2)

- Q 1 The old quay
- Q 2 the new quay
- A two old warehouses
- B RR platform in the old port
- C two new warehouses
- D old track for movin cranes
- D1 new track for moving cranes
- (1) wire-met fence
- (2) stake fence
- (3) gatekeeper lodge and guardroom
- (4) RR connecting line with the RR station DECIN
- (5) Main entrance into the old port
- (6) abolished sector of the old highway DECIM HREMSKO
- (7) loading RR track at the old quay
- (8) mershalling track in the old port
- (9) loading RR tracks at the new quay
- (10) mershalling tracks in the new port
- (11) the limits of the new terrain deposits (covering also the abolished highway)
- (12) the new highway DECIM HREMSKO built in 1940
- (13) rammed soil
- (1k) greenwood and pine-woods
- (15) the RR bridge
- (16) the RR tunnel



LOUBI River Port - Location

25X1

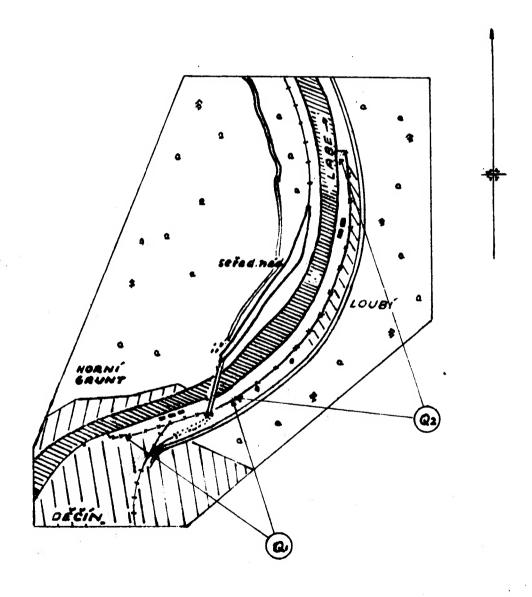
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CHEET 3652/4E,

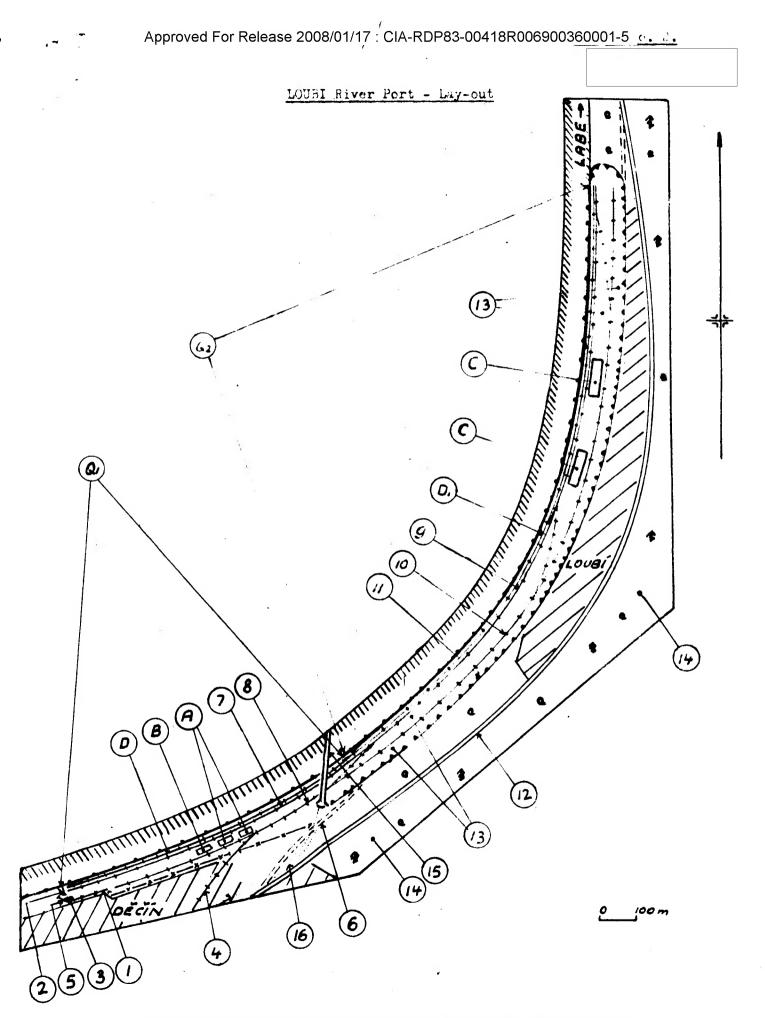
AMS SERIES 1872.

STATCH NO.1.



@ - Old quay

Q2 - New quay



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